Effectiveness of brief interventions in primary health care settings to decrease alcohol consumption by adult non-dependent drinkers: A systematic review of systematic reviews

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Objective: To evaluate the effectiveness of brief interventions in the primary health care setting to decrease alcohol consumption in non-alcoholic adult drinkers. Method: Systematic review of systematic reviews and meta-analyses of randomized clinical trials published in English and Spanish and indexed in EMBASE, MEDLINE (PubMed), Web of Science, Scopus, and The Cochrane Library, from their inception to January 2014. The quality of the studies was evaluated with the AMSTAR instrument. Results: Seven studies, published from 1999 to 2011, were included in the review (six meta-analyses, one systematic review). These studies were heterogeneous in terms of design, type and length of interventions analyzed, participants, responsible professionals, and results. Five studies reported a moderate decrease in alcohol consumption and four showed a decrease in the number of participants who consumed alcohol above the established risk level. Conclusion: Brief interventions have a moderate effect on reducing alcohol consumption among excessive drinkers or people who consume excessive amounts of alcohol and as a consequence these interventions increased the number of people drinking alcohol below established limits of risk. Brief interventions with multiple contacts or follow-up sessions are the most effective. © 2014.

Alcohol consumption

Patient education

Prevention

Primary health care

Review
adult
alcohol abstinence
alcohol consumption
alcoholism
Article
attitude to health
clinical effectiveness
human
intervention study
meta analysis
outcome assessment
patient counseling
primary health care
priority journal
psychotherapy
randomized controlled trial (topic)
risk assessment
risk reduction
systematic review
systematic review (topic)
Alcohol-Related Disorders
drinking behavior
literature
paramedical personnel
patient education

primary health care
Adult
Alcohol Drinking
Alcohol-Related Disorders
Allied Health Personnel
Humans
Patient Education as Topic
Primary Health Care
Review Literature as Topic

prevention and control