Chilean population norms derived from the health-related quality of Life SF-6D Garcia-Gordillo M.A.

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Objectives: The Health-Related Quality of Life Short Form 6D (HRQoL SF-6D) provides utility values for health status. Utilities generated have a number of potentially valuable applications in economic evaluations and not only to ensure comparability between studies. Reference values can be useful to estimate the effect on patients? HRQoL as a result of interventions in the absence of control groups. Thus, the purpose of this study was to provide normative values in the SF-6D in relation to the Chilean population. Methods: A cross-sectional study was conducted evaluating 5293 people. SF-6D utilities were derived from the SF-12 questions. Results: Mean SF-6D utility index for the whole sample was 0.74. It was better for men (0.78) than for women (0.71). The ceiling effect was much higher for men (11.16%) than for women (5.31%). Women were more likely to show problems in any dimension than were men. Conclusions: Chilean population norms for the SF-6D help in the decision-making process around health policies. Men reported higher health status than women in all subcategories analyzed. Likewise, men also reported higher scores than women in overall SF-6D dimensions. © 2017, Springer-Verlag GmbH Germany.

Health

HRQoL

Reference values

Utility

adolescent

adult

aged

Article

Chilean
clinical evaluation
cross-sectional study
decision making
divorce
economic evaluation
education
educational status
female
functional status assessment
groups by age
health care
health status
household income
human
major clinical study
male
marriage
married person
mental health
outcome assessment
priority journal
quality of life
reference value
rural area
separated person

sex difference
Short Form 6D
single (marital status)
smoking
social interaction
social norm
social status
urban area
very elderly
widowed person
cost benefit analysis
health status indicator
middle aged
questionnaire
young adult
Adolescent
Adult
Aged
Aged, 80 and over
Cost-Benefit Analysis
Cross-Sectional Studies
Female
Health Status
Health Status Indicators
Humans
Male

Middle Aged

Quality of Life

Surveys and Questionnaires

Young Adult