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Agriculture impairs stream ecosystem functioning in a tropical catchment

The expansion of agriculture is particularly worrying in tropical regions of the world, where native forests are being replaced by crops at alarming rates, with severe consequences for biodiversity and ecosystems. However, there is little information about the potential effects of agriculture on the functioning of tropical streams, which is essential if we are to assess the condition and ecological integrity of these ecosystems. We conducted a litter decomposition experiment in streams within a tropical catchment, which were subjected to different degrees of agricultural influence: low (protected area, PA), medium (buffer area, BA) and high (agricultural area, AA). We quantified decomposition rates of litter enclosed within coarse-mesh and fine-mesh bags, which allowed the distinction of microbial and detritivore-mediated decomposition pathways. We used litter of three

riparian species representing a gradient in litter quality (Alnus acuminata > Ficus insipida > Quercus bumelioides), and examined detritivore assemblages through the contents of litterbags and benthic samples. We found that the increasing agricultural influence promoted microbial decomposition, probably due to nutrient-mediated stimulation; and inhibited detritivore-mediated and total decomposition because of reduced detritivore numbers, most likely caused by pesticides and sedimentation. Effects were evident for Alnus and Ficus, but not for Quercus, which was barely decomposed across the gradient. Our study provides key evidence about the impact of agriculture on tropical stream ecosystem functioning, which is associated to changes in stream assemblages and may have far-reaching repercussions for global biochemical cycles. © 2020 The Authors

Detritivore assemblages Ecosystem functional integrity Land use Leaf litter breakdown Nutrient concentrations Pesticide toxicity Agricultural robots Biodiversity Catchments Conservation Forestry Mesh generation Runoff Stream flow

**Tropics** 

Agricultural areas

Decomposition pathway

Decomposition rate
Ecological integrity
Litter decomposition
Microbial decomposition
Potential effects
Stream ecosystems
Ecosystems
pesticide
biodiversity
catchment
flow modeling
hydrological cycle
streamflow
agricultural influence
agricultural procedures
alder
Alnus acuminata
Article
benthos
catchment area (hydrology)
controlled study
detritivore
ecosystem
environmental protection
Ficus
Ficus insipida

litter decomposition
microbial degradation
oak
population abundance
priority journal
Quercus bumelioides
riparian species
sedimentation
species diversity
stream (river)
tropics
Alnus
Alnus acuminata
Ficus insipida
Quercus