The effects of physical exercise in children with attention deficit hyperactivity disorder: A systematic review and meta-analysis of randomized control trials

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Objective: The aim of this systematic review and meta-analysis was to examine the evidence for the effectiveness of exercise interventions on attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)-related symptoms such as inattention, hyperactivity/impulsivity, anxiety and cognitive functions in children and adolescents. Method: Five databases covering the period up to November 2014 (PubMed, Scopus, EMBASE, EBSCO [E-journal, CINAHL, SportDiscus] and The Cochrane Library) were searched. Methodological quality was assessed using the Cochrane tool of bias. Standardized mean differences (SMD) and 95% confidence intervals were calculated, and the heterogeneity of the studies was estimated using Cochran's Q-statistic. Results: Eight randomized controlled trials (n=249) satisfied the inclusion criteria. The studies were grouped according to the intervention programme: aerobic and yoga exercise. The meta-analysis suggests that aerobic exercise had a moderate to large effect on core symptoms such as attention (SMD=0.84), hyperactivity (SMD=0.56) and impulsivity (SMD=0.56) and related symptoms such as anxiety (SMD=0.66), executive function (SMD=0.58) and social disorders (SMD=0.59) in children with ADHD. Yoga exercise suggests an improvement in the core symptoms of ADHD. Conclusions: The main cumulative evidence indicates that short-term aerobic exercise, based on several aerobic intervention formats, seems to be effective for mitigating symptoms such as attention, hyperactivity, impulsivity, anxiety, executive function and social disorders in children with ADHD. © 2015 John Wiley & Sons Ltd.

Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder

Children
Cognitive function
Exercise
Meta-analysis
Attention Deficit Disorder with Hyperactivity
child
exercise
human
kinesiotherapy
meta analysis
patient compliance
procedures
publishing
randomized controlled trial (topic)
sensitivity and specificity
yoga
Attention Deficit Disorder with Hyperactivity
Child
Exercise
Exercise Therapy
Humans
Patient Compliance
Publication Bias
Randomized Controlled Trials as Topic
Sensitivity and Specificity

Yoga